The qualifications, gross salaries and other benefits of the indiviaual officers of these Corporations vary depending on factors such as the level of entry into the service of the Corporation, duties of posts, promotions obtained etc., and are within the limits allowed under the Government policy.

(c) and (d) The Food Corporation of India and the Central Warehousing Corporation are already considering the question of pay revision of category III and IV employees subject to certain conditions including switchover to Industrial DA pattern. Food Corporation of India has already set up a Pay Committee, for the purpose, which is expected to give its recommendations shortly. The question of pay revision on the basis of approved guidelines is also being considered by CWC.

The question of pay revision in respect of category I and II officers is also receiving the attention of the FCI and CWC, on the basis of the guidelines given by the BPE.

Introduction of new drugs in the country

1604. SHRI ASHWANI KUMAR:
DR. MAHABIR PRASAD:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state the names of the new drugs introduced in the country during the last three years and the companies which introduced them and whether these have been introduced under generic brand names?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (MISS KUMUD BEN M. JOSHI): The information is given below:

Name of the New Drug	Name of the Company
1. Ketoprofen	M/s. May & Baker, Bombay.
2. Intralipids Fat Emulsion	M/s. Astra-I DL, Bangalore.
3. Sodium Valproate	M/s. Reckitt & Colman of India Pvt. Ltd., Calcutta.
4. Metrizamide	M/s. Win-medicare Pvt. Ltd., Modipuram, U. P.
5. Danazol	M/s. Win-medicare Pvt. Ltd. Modipuram, U. P.
6. Metoprolol Tartrate	M/s. Astra-IDL, Bangalore.
7 Cisplatin	M/s. Tamilnadu Dadha Pharmaceuticals, Madras.
8. Urokinase for Injection	M/s. Win-medicare Pvt. Ltd., Modipuram, U. P.
9 Rosoxacin	M/s Win-medicare Pvt. Ltd., Modipuram, U.P.
10 Sulphadoxine	Introduced in combination with Pyrimethamine by M/s. Walter Pushnell, Bombay.
11. Human Diploid Cell Rabies Vaccine	M/s. Serum Institute of India, Pune.

Single ingredient preparations of the above drugs except for Danazol and Rosoxacin are to the best of our knowledge being marketed under generic names. In respect of Danazol and Rosoxacin M/s Win-medicare, Pvt. Ltd., Modipuram, have obtained a stay order from the Delhi High Court and are marketing these drugs under brand names.

Demand for edible oils

1605. SHRI RAM NARESH KUSHAWAHA: Will the Minister of FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) what is the year-wise rise in demand for edible oils during the last three years as against the year-wise domestic production there and the quantity with value, of edible oils imported during the same period to meet the demand;

(b) the extent of anticipated rise in demand for edible oils during the ensuing three years and the extent to which the domestic production is likely to rise and the estimated imports likely to be made to meet the demand;

(c) whether it is a fact that though India has the largest area under oilseeds cultivation in the world, their yield is the lowest; and

(d) if so, what are the reasons therefor and what steps are contemplated by Government to increase their production so as to minimise their import?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND IN THE MINISTRY OF FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI M. S. SANJEEVI RAO): (a) The demand of edible oil as against the domestic production and the quantity with value of edible oils imported during the last three years (year-wise) is as follows:

Oil Year (Nov. to Oct.)	Demand (in lakh tonnes)	Production (in lakh tonnes)	Imports Quantity in lakh tonnes	Value Rs. in crores
1981-82 . . .	39·71	32·20	9·98	449·69
1982-83 . . .	41·43	28·50	11·50	504·46
1983-84 . . .	45·00	33·00 (Target)	9·81 (upto June, 1984)	764·76

(b) The anticipated demand for edible oils during the next three years (year-wise) is as under:

Oil Year (Nov. -Oct.)	Demand (in lakh tonnes)
1984-85 . . .	45·58
1985-86 . .	47·54
1986-87 . .	49·55

The anticipated domestic production targets are still being worked out.

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) Most of the oilseeds crops in India are raised under rainfed condition by small and marginal farmers having small resources and, therefore, the yield of oilseeds is low. Apart from the schemes under implementation by various State Governments, the Central Government are taking following measures to increase oilseeds production:—

(1) Intensive programme for development of oilseeds by the oilseed producing States. The scheme aims at demonstration on the farmers' fields, strengthening of seed production and distribution arrangements, expansion of plant protection measures, extension of irrigated area, etc.